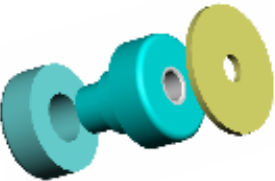
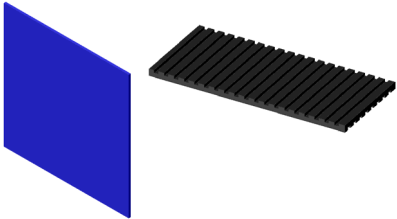
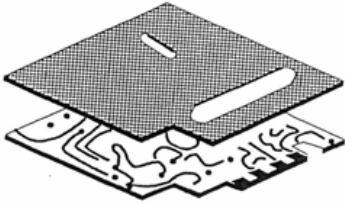
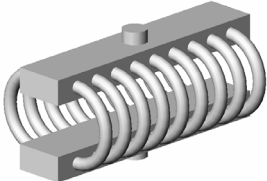


Other types of Dampers

ITEMS	APPLICATIONS – CHARACTERISTICS
	<p>This dampers are generally used for structure noise reduction, damping of vibrations and protection of material against strong shock</p> <p>They are perfectly suitable for insulation of vehicle cabs, engines, electric motors structure components, specially on board on ships, submarines and trains</p> <p>In standard execution the metal parts are made in steel and rubber material with high mechanical properties and very good resistance to Oil, Ozone Sunlight aging and Heat aging and low creeping under static load</p> <p>Variants are also possible with metal parts in stainless steel as well as with high damped silicone rubber for range 22001 and 22002</p> <p>The operative temperature range is from -30°C to $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$ for standard elements and from -55°C to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$ for specific isolators in silicone rubber</p>
	<p>The <i>PA</i> plates are perfectly suitable to anchor on the floor et to make insulation of revolving machines on a very easy way but very efficient</p> <p>The <i>PA series</i> plates are made in rubber with high mechanical properties and very good resistance to Oil, Ozone, Saline atmosphere, sunlight aging and heat aging and low creeping under static load</p> <p>The <i>PL</i> plates are perfectly suitable for protection of electronic circuits or sensitive electronic materials</p>
	<p>The Circuit Board Damper is the judicious combination of a viscoelastic product having a high absorbing capacity, and stressed Epoxy glass layer along with a protective paper film.</p> <p>This material has been designed in order to significantly reduce the vibrations and shocks that affect electronic boards and any similar structure in most severe operational conditions.</p>
	<p>Cable Wire Dampers</p> <p>Those products are generally used for insulation of materials in Naval and Transportation areas, when the behaviour in connection to high level impacts are preferably required because the ability to accept large sway spaces in a relative small volume is one of the main properties of this kind of damper</p> <p>The characteristics in the different axis are not the same and this may be take in account by selection and calculation</p>